II B.Tech II Semester, Regular Examinations, Apr - 2011

## ELECTRO MAGNETIC WAVES AND TRANSMISSION LINES

(Electronics and Communications Engineering)
Time: 3 hours
Max Marks: 80
Answer any FIVE Questions
All Questions carry equal marks

1. a) Define and distinguish between the terms electric fields, electric displacement and electric flux density.
b) A line charge $\rho_{L}=400 \mathrm{pC} / \mathrm{m}$ lies along the X - axis. The surface of zero patential passes through the point $\mathrm{P}(0,5,12) \mathrm{m}$. Find the potential at point $(2,3,-4)$
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
2. a) Define Ampere's force law with associated relations.
b) A filamentary current of 10 A is directed in from inffity to the origin on the positive x -axis, and then back out to infinity along the positive y-axis. Find $\vec{H}$ at $P(0,0,1)$.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
3. a) State the boundary conditions satisfied by electromagnetic fields E and H at the interface of air perfect dielectric.
b) In a nonmagnetic medium $E=50 \cos \left(10^{9} t-8 x\right) a_{y}+40 \operatorname{Sin}\left(10^{9} t-8 x\right) a_{z} V / m$. Find the dielectric constant $\varepsilon_{\mathrm{r}}$ and the corresponding H .
4. a) Define uniform plane wave. Prove that uniform plane wave does not have field components in the direction of propagation.
b) If $_{\in_{r}}=9, \mu=\mu_{0}$, for the medium which a wave with a frequency of $\mathrm{f}=0.3 \mathrm{GHz}$ is propagating, determine the propagation constant and intrinsic impedance of the medium when $\sigma=0$.
5. a) For good dielectrics derive the expression for $\alpha, \beta, V$ and $\eta$.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
b) Find $\alpha, \beta, V$ and $\eta$ for ferrite at $10 \mathrm{GHz}, \varepsilon_{\mathrm{r}}=9, \mu_{\mathrm{r}}=4, \sigma=10 \mathrm{mho} / \mathrm{m}$
6. a) Derive the field components for TE wave between parallel plates.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
b) If a wave of 6 GHz is propagation between two parallel conducting plates separated by 30 mm , find the cirt off wave length, guide wave length for $\mathrm{TE}_{1}$ mode.
7. a) Using the general line equations, obtain an expression for the input impedance of a line.
b) A lossless transmission line has capacitance if $50 \mathrm{Pf} / \mathrm{m}$ and an inductance of $200 \mathrm{nH} / \mathrm{m}$. Find the characteristic impedance for section of a line 10 m long and 500 m long.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
8. a) Explain clearly why the short circuited stubs are preferred over to a open circuited stubs?
b) Derive the expression for the input impedance of a loss-less line. Hence evaluate $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{sc}}$ and $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{oc}}$ and sketch their variation with line length.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )

## 1 of 1

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1. a) State and expression Coulomb's law. Obtain an expression in vector form. $\quad(6 \mathrm{M}+10 \mathrm{M})$ b) Two uniform line charges of density $8 \mathrm{nC} / \mathrm{m}$ are located in a plane with $\mathrm{y}=0$ at $\mathrm{x}= \pm 4 \mathrm{~m}$. Find the E - field at a point $\mathrm{P}(0 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{~m})$.
2. a) State and explain Biot-Savart's law relating the magnetic field produced at a point due to the current in a small elemental wire.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
b) A thin ring of radius 5 cm is placed on plane $\mathrm{z}=1 \mathrm{~cm}$ so that its center is at $(0,0,1) \mathrm{cm}$. If the ring carries 50 mA along $\bar{a}$ a $\varnothing$, find $\bar{H}$ at i) $(0,0,1) \mathrm{cm} \mathrm{ii})(0,0,10) \mathrm{cm}$.
3. a) State Maxwell's equations in differential form and write down their word statements. b) In a three dimensional space, divided into region $1(X<0)$ and region $2(X>0), \sigma_{1}=\sigma_{2}=0$ $\bar{E}_{1}=1 \bar{a}_{x}+2 \bar{a}_{y}+3 \bar{a}_{z}$. Find $\bar{E}_{2}$ and $\bar{D}_{2} \varepsilon_{\mathrm{rl}}=1, \varepsilon_{\mathrm{r} 2}=2$
4. a) Discuss about uniform plane wave in lossless dielectrics, and establish the relationship between electric and magnetio field in the medium.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
b) The electric field in free space is given by $E=50 \cos \left(10^{8} t+\beta x\right) a_{y} V / m$.
i) Find the direction of syave propagation. ii) Calculate $\beta$ and the time it takes to travel a distance of half-wavelength. iti) Sketch the uniform plane wave at $\mathrm{t}=0, \mathrm{~T} / 4$, and $\mathrm{T} / 2$.
5. a) Show that in a good conductor, the skin depth ' $\delta$ ' is always much shorter than the wave length.
b) A polarized wave is incident from air to polystyrene with $\mu=\mu_{0}, \varepsilon=2.6 \varepsilon_{0}$ at Brewster angle. Determine the transmission angle.
6. a) Derive the field components for TM waves between parallel plates.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
b) When a wave of 6 GHz is to be propagated between parallel conducting plates separated by

60 mm , find the modes that will propagate through the guide.
7. a) List out the application of transmission lines.
$(4 \mathrm{M}+4 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M})$
b) Draw an equivalent circuit of a two wire transmission line
c) A lossy cable which has $\mathrm{R}=2.25 \Omega / \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{L}=1.0 \mu \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{C}=1 \mathrm{pF} / \mathrm{m}$ and $\mathrm{G}=0$ operates at $\mathrm{f}=0.5 \mathrm{GHz}$. Find out the attenuation constant of the line.
8. a) Explain the significance and utility of $\lambda / 8, \lambda / 4$ and $\lambda / 2$ lines.
b) A low transmission line of $100 \Omega$ characteristic impedance is connected to a load of $400 \Omega$. Calculate the reflection coefficient and standing wave ratio.

## 1 of 1

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1. a) State Coulomb's law of force between any two point charges, and indicate the units of the quantities in the force equation.
b) A point charge, $\mathrm{Q}_{1}=10 \mu \mathrm{C}$ is located at $\mathrm{P}_{1}(1,2,3)$ in free space, while $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=5 \mu \mathrm{C}$ is at $\mathrm{P}_{2}$ $(1,2,3,4,-5,10)$. i) Find the vector forces exerted on $Q_{2}$ by $Q_{1}$. ii) Find the coordinates of $P_{3}$ at which a point charge $\mathrm{Q}_{3}$ experiences no force.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
2. a) Obtain an expression for differential magnetic field strength dH due to differential current element I dl at the origin in the positive Z - direction.
b) Find the magnetic field strength, H at the centre of a square conducting loop of side ' 2 a ' in $\mathrm{Z}=0$ plane if the loop is carrying a current, I in anti clock wise direction.
( $6 \mathrm{M}+10 \mathrm{M}$ )
3. a) i) State Faraday's law and transformer emf ii) Discuss about inconsistency of Ampere's law and displacement current density.
b) In the space, the magnetic field of an EM wave is given by $\bar{H}=0.4 \omega \varepsilon_{0} \cos (\omega \mathrm{t}-50 \mathrm{x}) \overline{a z} \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$. Find the electric field and displacement current density.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
4. a) Derive the expression for the phase shift constant and attenuation constant of a plane wave propagation in a lossy dielectric medium.
b) A plane wave propagation through a medium with $\varepsilon_{\mathrm{r}}=8, \mu_{\mathrm{r}}=2$ has $\mathrm{E}=0.5 \exp (-0.33 \mathrm{z}) \sin \left(10^{8} \mathrm{t}\right.$ $-\beta z) a_{x} \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{m}$.Determine velocity, wave impedance and the magnetic field intensity.
$(8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M})$
5. a) Explain the significances of Pointing theorem and pointing vector.
b) A plane wave travelling in a medium of $\varepsilon_{\mathrm{r}}=1, \mu_{\mathrm{r}}=1$ has an electric field intensity of $100 \mathrm{X} \sqrt{\pi}$

Determine the energy density in the magnetic field and also the total energy density. ( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
6. For a parallel plane wave guide of 3 cm separation, determine all the propagation characteristics, for a signal at 10 GHz , for
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
a) $\mathrm{TE}_{10}$ waves
b) TEM waves Explain the terms used.
7. a) Show that a line will be distortion free if $C R=L G$.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
b) A high frequency line has the following primary constants $\mathrm{L}=1.2 \mathrm{mH} / \mathrm{Km}, \mathrm{C}=0.05 \mu \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{Km}$. $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{G}=$ negligible. Determine the characteristic impedance and propagation constant of the line.
8. a) What is Stub? Why are short- circuited stubs preferred to open circuited ones? Explain.
b) With aid of Smith chart, Calculate the position and length of short circuited stub matching a ( $180+\mathrm{j} 120$ ) ohm load to a 300 ohm transmission line. Assuming that the load impedance remains constant, find the VSWR on the main line when the frequency is i) Increased by $10 \%$ and ii) Doubled?
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )

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1. a) Derive an expression for the electric field intensity due to a finite length line charge along the z -axis at an arbitrary point $\mathrm{Q}(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{z})$.
b) Find the force on a $100 \mu \mathrm{C}$ charge at $(0,0,3) \mathrm{m}$ if four like charges of $40 \mu \mathrm{C}$ are located on x and y axes at $\pm 4 \mathrm{~m}$.
2. a) Derive an expression for magnetic vector potential $\mathbf{A}$ for surface currents.
b) What is magnetic dipole? Determine magnetic field at any point $P$ in afree space due to a magnetic dipole.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
3. a) Derive Maxwell's equations from their basics.
b) Explain the concept of displacement currentintroduced by Maxwell to account for the production of magnetic fields in the empty space.
4. a) What is polarization of an EM wave? Explain different types of polarizations.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M})$
b) Discuss about the propagation characteristics of EM waves in conducting medium.
5. a) Derive the expression for the resultant Electric field and resultant magnetic field when a wave incidents normally on a perfect conductors.
b) Discuss about Brewster angle, critical angle, total internal reflection and surface impedance.
6. a) Explain the factors on which cutoff of a parallel plate wave guide depend.
b) Obtain the frequency in terms of cutoff frequency $f_{c}$ at which the attenuation constant due to conductor losses for the $\mathrm{TM}_{\mathrm{n}}$ mode is minimum for parallel plate wave guide.
7. a) Using expressions of wave amplitudes in a transmission line, deduce the relation for characteristic impedance of the line.
b) A transmission line operating at 500 MHz has $\mathrm{Z}_{0}=80 \mathrm{ohms}, \alpha=0.04 \mathrm{~Np} / \mathrm{m}, \beta=1.5 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{m}$. Find the line parameters $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{G}$ and C .
8. a) Discuss about single and double stub matching.
( $8 \mathrm{M}+8 \mathrm{M}$ )
b) A load of ( $50-\mathrm{j} 100) \Omega$ is connected across a $50 \Omega$ line. Design a short circuited stub in order to provide impedance matching between the two at a signal frequency of 30 MHz
